



4.0 Banking in Europe Beograd, Republika Srbija 06/19/2019

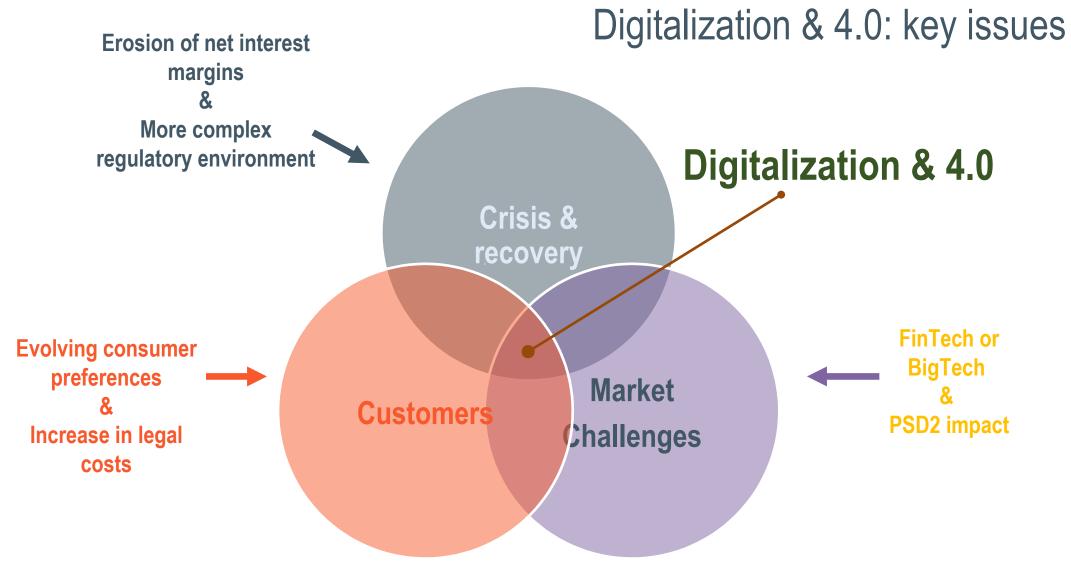
Nicola Cicala ISRF LAB, Director

Roberto Errico ISRF LAB, Researcher



ISRF LAE



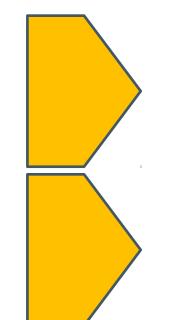






CGIL





EU Banking Sector recovery: the «Less4More» strategy

The role of digitalization & 4.0

2

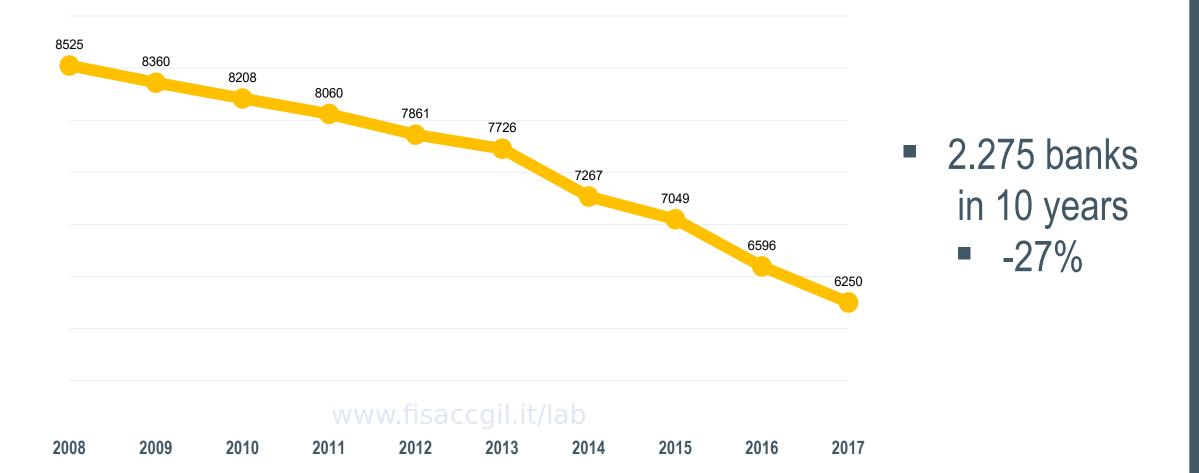


Number of Banks – EU 28

Source: EBF

CGIL

FISAC



ISRF LA

CGIL

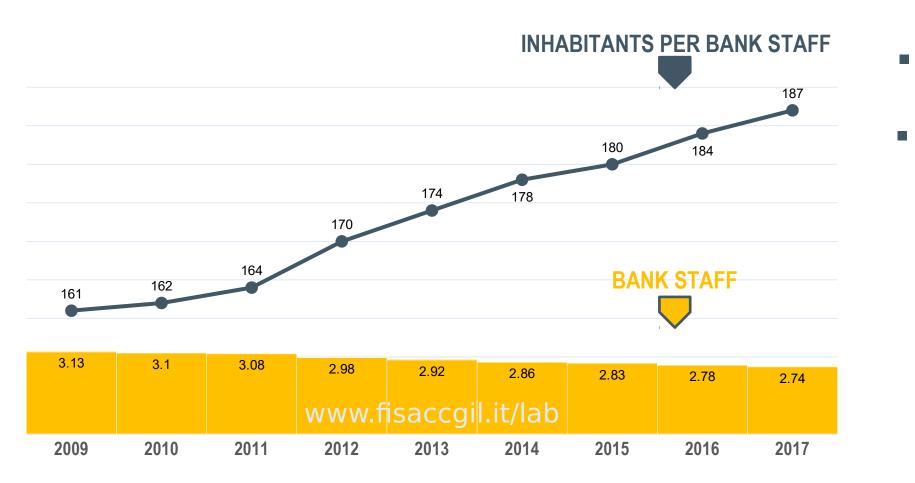
FISAC



Bank Staff – EU 28

Source: EBF, millions of unit

- 12,5% overall
- Including EFTA countries, the number of staff employed in the banking sector at the end of 2017 was about 2,9 million



ISRF LA

ISRF

Lab

FISAC

CGIL





2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017

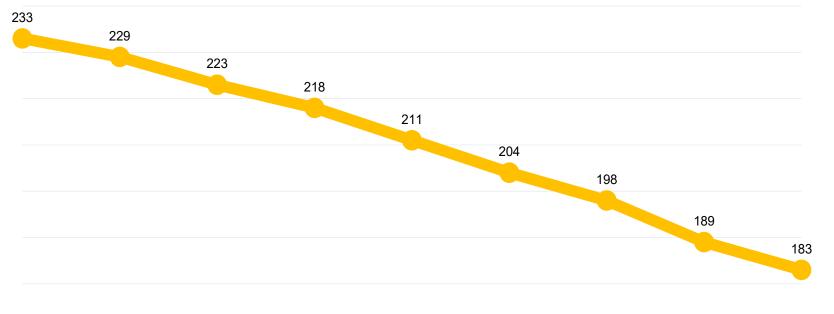
ISRF LAB

CGIL

FISAC



Number of domestic bank branches – EU 28



The number of branches has fallen by 21% since 2009. At the end of 2017, there are 50.000 less branches than in 2009



CGIL

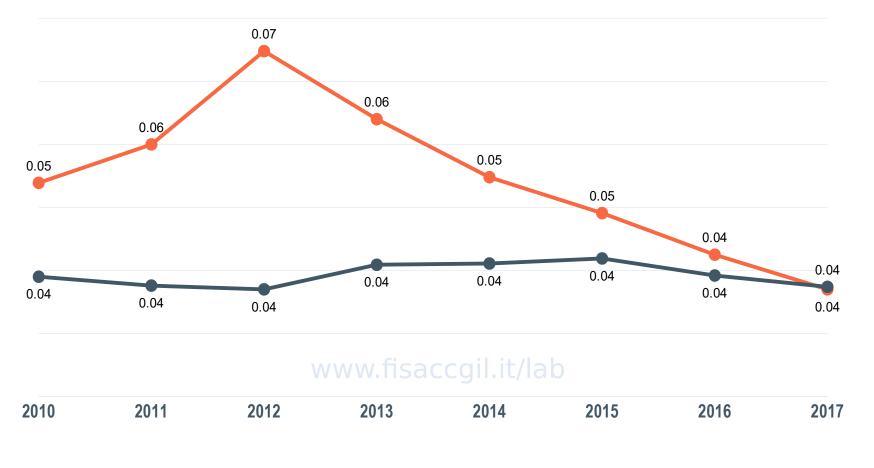
FISAC



NPLs to gross loans Ratio Sources: EBF and ECB

NPL stocks have decreased considerably in recent years





ISRF

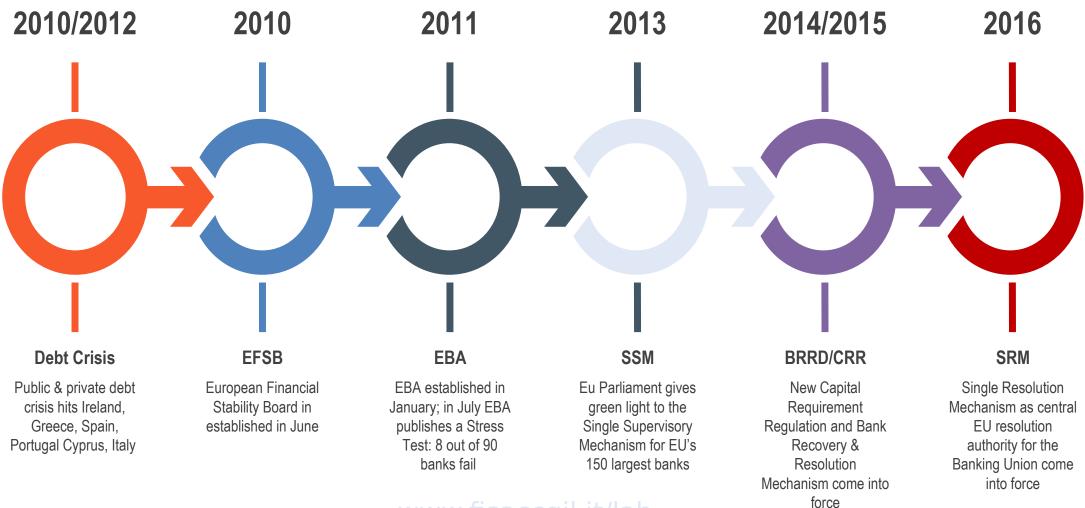
Lab



CGIL

FISAC

A new Regulation framework



ISRF LAB

ISRF

Lab



CGIL

The recovery strategy: «Less4More»

Source: EBA and EBF

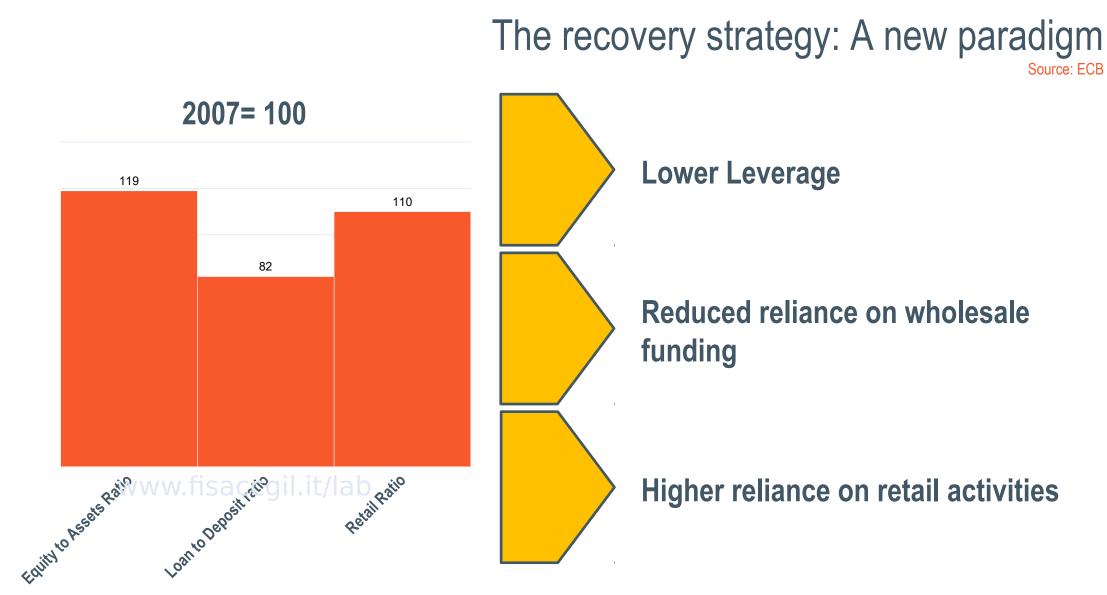
	Jun 2011	Jun 2017		
Core Equity Tier 1 Capital	5,3%	13,8%		
Tier 1 Shortfall (Eur. Bn)	411	0		
Liquidity Coverage ratio	71%	143%		

In 2017, for the first time, all EU-28 banks met the liquidity coverage ratio above the minimum



ISRF LAI





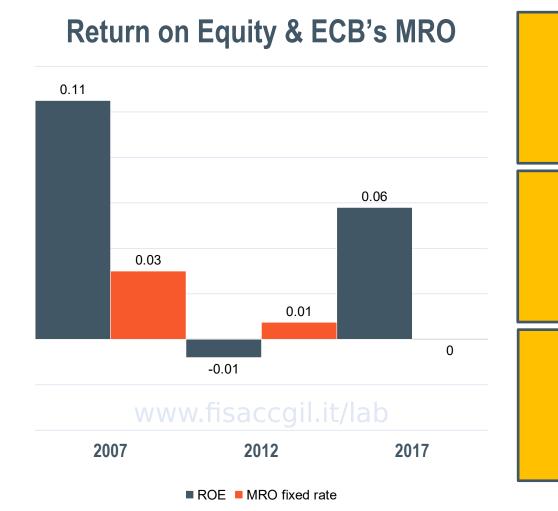


ISRF LA

CGIL

FISAC

The recovery strategy: ROE



2007: 10,50%

2011/2012: Banking crisis in particular in Spain & Greece affects balance sheets of EU banks

2017: A significant increase in profitability despite the negative impact of net interest income

ISRF LAE

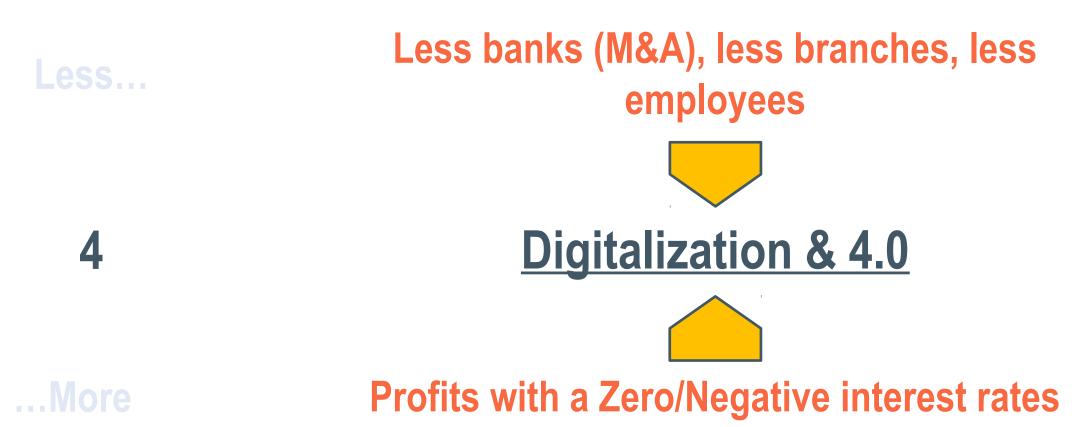
CGIL

FISAC





«Less4More»: digitalization & 4.0



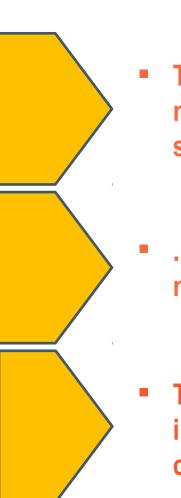


CGIL FISAC

Banking crisis & recovery

Customers expectations

Market challenges



Digitalization & 4.0: key issues

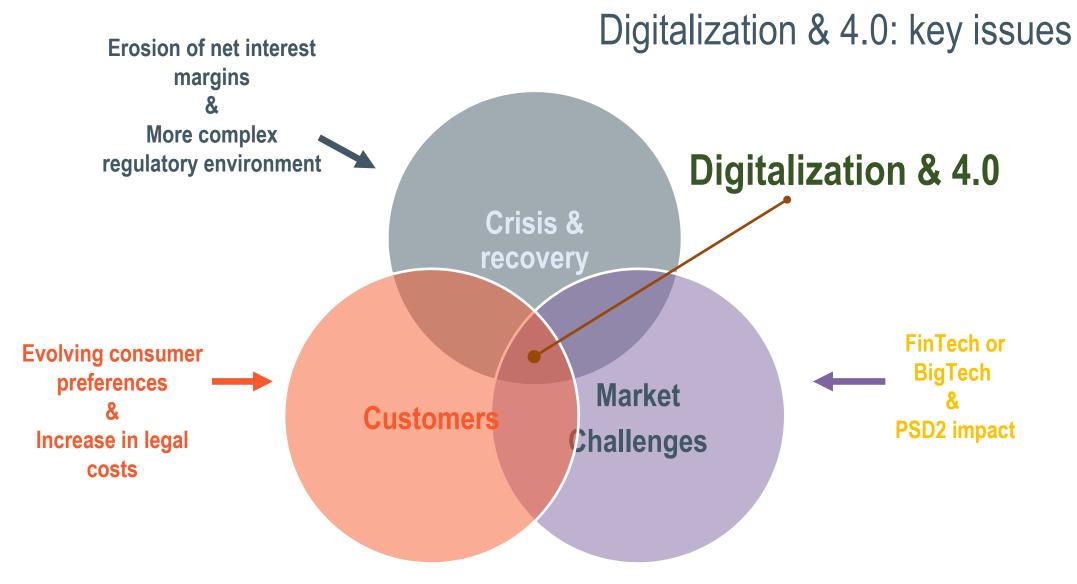
- The digitalization process was the necessary complement to a cost-cutting strategy...
- ...and a fundamental element to meet a new consumer demand

 The «great transformation» of banking industry is the only possible answer to the challenge of FinTech/BigTech world



ISRF LAE





ISRF LA

CGIL

FISAC



Digitalization & 4.0: a cost-cutting strategy

«Promising opportunities seem to arise in commercial banking. This is possibly due to the potential benefits of the new technology-based propositions such as aggregator models, use of robo-advice and application of better data analytics. This can be also seen as possible explanation of banks' growing appetite to adress costs trough increasing automation and digitalization»

EBA REPORT ON THE IMPACT OF FINTECH ON INCUMBENT CREDIT INSTITUTIONS' BUSINESS MODELS, 2017, page 12





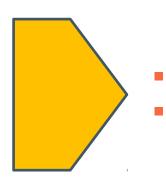
Digitalization & 4.0: a capital intensive commitment





 The global IT spending of the financial sector will grow from the expected \$ 440 billion in 2018 to almost \$ 500 billion in 2021 (Worldwide)

Average Growth rate



+ 5,1% for banks + 4,3% for insurance

ISRF LAB

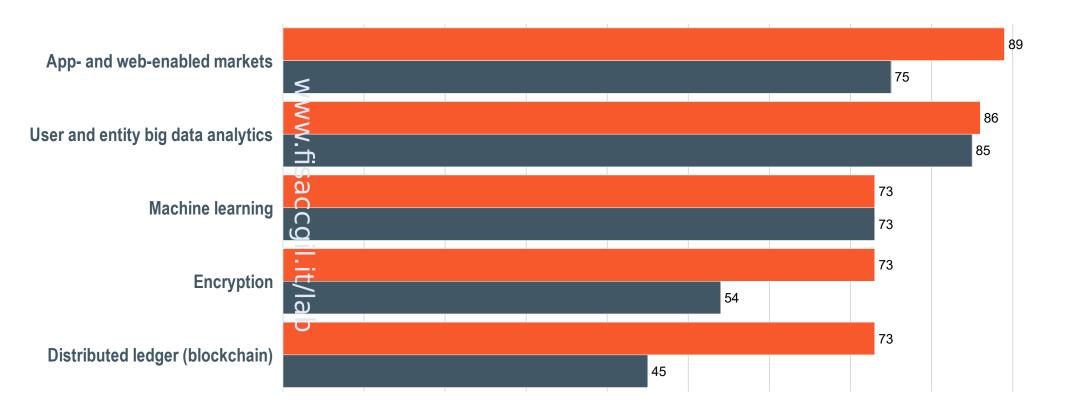
CGIL

FISAC



Digitalization & 4.0: which kind of technology?

Technology adoption by industry and share of companies surveyed, 2018–2022 (%), Top five for Financial Services

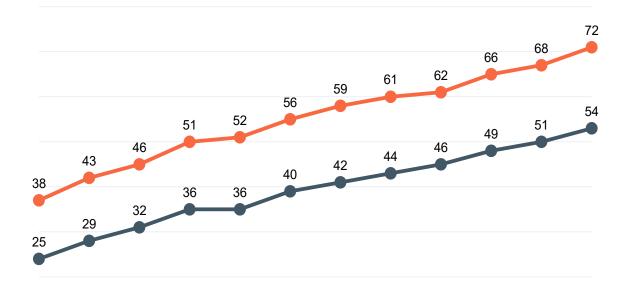




CGIL FISAC

Digitalization: consumer preferences

% of individual using Internet Banking in EU-28, total and 25/34 yo range





2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018



54% Of individuals in EU-28 use Internet Banking (25% in 2007)



3 billions

bank customers in the World will be able to access retail banking services trough their electronical devices by 2021



72% Of individuals from 25 to 34 yo in Eu-28 use Internet Banking (38% in 2007)



1.9 Billions

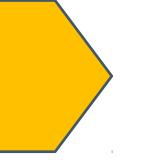
bank customers in the World will use biometrics and e-id to access financial services by the end of 2020





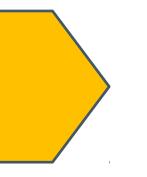
Digitalization & 4.0: FinTech?

Before Financial Crisis



"RACE FOR INNOVATION" VS SMALL NEWCOMERS (FINTECH)

After Financial Crisis



 Banks can "buy" innovation quickly than FinTech can acquire new customers



The BigTech challenge



Digitalization & 4.0: or BigTech?

- BigTech's competitive impact on financial institutions may be greater than that of FinTech.
- This should not be surprising given that BigTech "usually have large, established customer networks and enjoy name recognition and trust.

<u>They don't want become a bank in traditional terms, but integrate financial services</u> <u>in their core business</u>

ISRF

Lab

FISAC

CGIL

BigTech: examples

	Alibaba	Tencent	Baidu	Google	Amazon	Facebook	Apple	Samsung	Microsoft	Vodafone	Mercado Libre
Payments	AliPay (largest mobile paymensts platform in China)	Tenpay (#2 mobile payments platform in China)	 – cooperatio with PayPal 	n layers over	Amazon Pay – layers over existing card network	Messenger Pay – layers over existing card network		Samsung Pay – layers over existing card network	Microsoft Pay – layers over existing card network	M-Pesa (32 million active users in East Africa and India)	Mercado Pago (offered in 8 markets in Latin America)
Lending and short-term credit	MYBank (SME lending for rural areas and online merchants)		Baixin Bank (financial products and small loans)	Collaboration with Lending Club	Temporary financing in Amazon Lending: direct lending to merchants	Pilot in collaboration with Clearbanc	n/a	n/a	n/a	Offered through M- Shwari mobile banking service	Mercado Crédito (small loans to retail and SME clients)
Current accounts	Offered through MYBank	Offered through WeBank	Offered through Baixin Bank	n/a	Reports of talks with banks	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	Offered through M- Shwari	n/a
Asset management	Yu'e Bao (world's largest MMF)	License to offer mutual funds	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	Pilots ongoing in 2018
Insurance	60% stake in Cathay Insurance China, founding stake in Zhong An Insurance	Online insurance service in life and property insurance	Joint venture with Allianz, and Hillhouse Capital announced	Insurance on Google Compare (discontinued)	Partnership with JPMorgan Chase and Berkshire Hathaway on health insurance	n/a	Cooperation with Allianz or cyber insurance discounts	n/a	n/a	n/a	Pilots ongoing in 2018



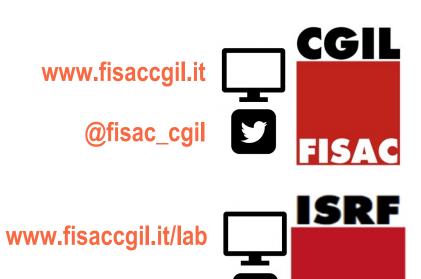


PSD2 is a wide-ranging directive, covering **117 Articles including mandatory encryption** What is PSD 2 and strict controls on merchant charges for transactions This opens up consumers' account Article 29 - Access to information to third parties. These third parties can offer payment services but they Accounts won't have to be banks. At the end of December 2018, Amazon obtained a banking license from the monetary The end of Banking monopoly authority of Luxembourg. A few days later on payment service Facebook did the same thing in Ireland and **Google in Lithuania**

BigTech & PSD2: a possible «market disruption»?

4.0 Banking in Europe

Beograd, 06/19/2019



@lsrflab

Nicola Cicala ISRF LAB Director

Roberto Errico ISRF LAB Researcher